

ASIA PACIFIC SNOOKER & BILLIARDS FEDERATION MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

VERSION 1
JULY 2020

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PREFACE

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation is committed to providing an environment that is safe in all

aspects for all participants in our sport of Billiards & Snooker. This commitment extends to actively make sure that all affiliated Associations adopt the same protective policies for the overall benefit of our sport.

The policies included in this document have been updated to include all the current relevant and required conditions, to provide a code of conduct that forms the basis of appropriate and ethical conduct that everyone involved in our sport must abide by.

This policy is therefore an essential and integral part of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's proactive and preventative approach to making sure that any inappropriate behaviour does not occur within our sport.

As President of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, it is my firm commitment that this Members

Protection Policy is fully instigated and adhered to by everyone involved in our sport.

Frank Dewens

President, Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation

July 2020

PART A

ASIA PACIFIC SNOOKER & BILLIARDS FEDERATION MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY 1. INTRODUCTION

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation (APSBF) is the official Regional Member of the International Billiards & Snooker Federation, and is recognised as such as the entity that governs our sport of Billiards and Snooker.

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's Core Values are to ensure that our visions for the sport are carried out to the best of its ability and include values such as integrity, accountability, respect and an excellence to perform our duties to the highest of standards.

Our Mission Statement is to provide a professional, cost effective national administration body for Billiards & Snooker that strengthens and expands the sport throughout the Asia Pacific region.

2. Purpose of this policy

This Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation Member Protection policy aims to maintain ethical and informed decision-making and responsible behaviours within our sport. It outlines our commitment to a person's right to be treated with respect and dignity and to be safe and protected from abuse. This policy informs everyone involved in our sport of his or her legal and ethical rights and responsibilities and the standards of behaviour that are required.

The policy attachments outline the procedures that support our commitment to eliminating discrimination, harassment, child abuse and other forms of inappropriate behaviour from our sport. As part of this commitment, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will take disciplinary action against any person or organisation bound by this policy if they breach it.

This policy has been endorsed by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and has been incorporated into our By-Laws. The policy starts July 2020 and will operate until replaced. Copies of the current policy and its attachments can be obtained from the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation website at http://www.apsbf.com/policies/member-protection.pdf or from the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's Secretary.

3. Who this Policy Applies To

This Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation Member Protection policy applies to the following people operating at or representing the national level, whether they are in a paid or unpaid/voluntary capacity

- 3.1 Persons appointed or elected to APSBF boards, committees and sub-committees;
- 3.2 Employees of APSBF;
- 3.3 Members of the APSBF Executive:
- 3.4 Support personnel appointed or elected to APSBF teams and squads (e.g. managers, physiotherapists, psychologists, masseurs, sport trainers);
- 3.5 APSBF coaches and assistant coaches;
- 3.6 APSBF representative competitors;
- 3.7 APSBF referees, team manager and other officials involved in the regulation of the sport;
- 3.8 Members, including life members of the APSBF;
- 3.9 Players, coaches, officials, team managers and other personnel participating in events and activities, including camps and training sessions, held or sanctioned by APSBF;

This policy also applies to the following associations:

3.12 Affiliated Associations:

Member associations are required to adopt and implement this policy and to provide proof to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation of the approval of the policy by the relevant board in accordance with its constitution. Member associations must also undertake to ensure that affiliated Clubs and individual Members are bound by this policy and are made aware of this policy and what it says.

This policy will continue to apply to a person, even after they have stopped their association or employment with Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, if disciplinary action against that person has commenced.

4. Responsibilities of the Organisation

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and its state affiliates and associations must:

- 4.1 Adopt, implement and comply with this policy;
- 4.2 Make such amendments to their Constitution, Rules or Policies necessary for this policy to be enforceable:
- 4.3 Publish, distribute and promote this policy and the consequences of breaches;
- 4.4 Promote and model appropriate standards of behaviour at all times;
- 4.5 Promptly deal with any breaches or complaints made under this policy in a sensitive, fair, timely and confidential manner;
- 4.6 Apply this policy consistently;
- 4.7 Recognise and enforce any penalty imposed under this policy;
- 4.8 Ensure that a copy of this policy is available or accessible to the persons and associations to whom this policy applies;
- 4.9 Use appropriately trained people to receive and manage complaints and allegations
- 4.10 Monitor and review this policy at least annually.

5. Individual Responsibilities

Individuals bound by this policy are responsible for:

- 5.1 Making themselves aware of the policy and complying with its standards of behaviour;
- 5.2 Complying with our screening requirements and any Working with Children checks;
- 5.3 Placing the safety and welfare of children above other considerations;
- 5.4 Being accountable for their behaviour;
- 5.5 Following the procedures outlined in this policy if they wish to make a complaint or report a concern about possible child abuse, discrimination, harassment or other inappropriate behaviour; and
- 5.6 Complying with any decisions and/or disciplinary measures imposed under this policy.

6. Position Statements

6.1 Child Protection

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation acknowledges that our staff, members and volunteers provide a valuable contribution to the positive experiences of children involved in our sport. The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation aims to continue this and to take measures to protect the safety and welfare of children participating in our sport by:

- · Prohibiting any form of abuse against children;
- Ensuring people have completed a satisfactory Working with Children Check where the relevant law requires this
- Carefully selecting and screening people over the age of 16 years who work, coach or have regular unsupervised contact with children;
- Promoting and enforcing our codes of behaviour, particularly for roles associated with juniors;
- Responding to all reports and complaints of abuse promptly, seriously and confidentially;
- Making information about child protection available, particularly for roles associated with children;
- Adopting practices that reduce risks and provide the greatest opportunity of having a child safe environment.

Anyone who reasonably suspects that a child has been or is being abused by someone within our sport, is to report it immediately to the police or relevant government agency and Member Protection Information Officers (MPIOs) and/or Complaint Manager. Descriptions of the sorts of activity which may be abuse are in the Dictionary at clause 10. If anyone suspects that a child is being abused by his or her parent/s, they are advised to contact the relevant government department for youth, family and community services in their state/territory.

A person will not be victimised for reporting possible child abuse and the privacy of all persons concerned will be respected. Our procedures for handling allegations of child abuse are outlined in attachment D1.

6.2 Taking Images of Children

Images of children cannot be used inappropriately or illegally. The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation requires that individuals and associations, wherever possible, obtain permission from a child's parent/guardian before taking an image of a child that is not their own and ensure that the parent knows the way the image will be used. We also require the privacy of others to be respected and disallow the use of camera phones, videos and cameras inside changing areas, showers and toilets.

If the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation uses an image of a child it will avoid naming or identifying the child or it will, wherever possible, avoid using both the first name and surname. We will not display personal information such as residential address, email address or telephone numbers without gaining consent from the parent/guardian. We will not display information about hobbies, likes/dislikes, school, etc as this information can be used as grooming tools by pedophiles or other persons. We will only use appropriate images of a child, relevant to our sport and ensure that the child is suitably clothed in a manner that promotes the sport, displays its successes, etc.

We require our members, member associations and clubs to do likewise.

6.3 Anti-Discrimination and Harassment

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation opposes all forms of harassment, discrimination and bullying. This includes treating or proposing to treat someone less favourably because of a particular characteristic; imposing or intending to impose an unreasonable requirement, condition or practice which has an unequal or disproportionate effect on people with a particular characteristic; or any behaviour that is offensive, abusive, belittling, intimidating or threatening – whether this is face-to-face, indirectly or via communication technologies such as mobile phone and computers. Some forms of harassment, discrimination and bullying, based on personal characteristics such as those listed in the Dictionary at *[clause 10]*, are against the law.

If any person feels they are being harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this policy, please refer to our complaints procedure outlined in attachment D1 of this policy. This will explain what to do about the behaviour and how the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will deal with the problem.

6.4 Sexual Relationships (version one – possible disciplinary action can be taken)

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation takes the position that sexual relationships between coaches and the adult athletes that they coach should be avoided as these relationships can have harmful effects on the individual athlete involved, on other athletes and coaches, and on the sport's public image. Such relationships may be intentionally or unintentionally exploitative due to a disparity between coaches and athletes in terms of authority, power, maturity, status, influence and dependence.

Should a sexual relationship exist between an athlete and coach, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will consider whether any action is necessary. Factors that may be relevant in this consideration are the age and maturity of the athlete relative to the coach, the financial or emotional dependence of the athlete on the coach, and the likelihood of the relationship having any adverse impact on the athlete and/or other athletes. If it is determined that the sexual relationship is inappropriate, action may be taken to stop the coaching relationship with the athlete. Action may include transfer, a request for resignation or dismissal from coaching duties.

In the event that an athlete attempts to initiate an intimate sexual relationship, the coach must take personal responsibility for discouraging such approaches, explaining the ethical basis for such action. The coach or athlete may wish to approach the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's MPIO or complaints officer or other designated person if they feel harassed. Our complaints procedure is outlined in Attachment [D1] of this policy.

6.5 Pregnancy

Everyone bound by this policy must treat pregnant women with dignity and respect and any unreasonable barriers to participation by them in our sport should be removed. We will not tolerate any discrimination or harassment against pregnant women.

While many sporting activities are safe for pregnant women, there may be particular risks that apply to some women during pregnancy. Those risks will depend on the nature of the sporting activity and the particular pregnant woman's circumstances. Pregnant women should be aware that their own health and wellbeing, and that of their unborn children, should be of utmost importance in their decision making about the way they participate in our sport.

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation recommends that pregnant women wanting to participate in our sport consult with their medical advisers, make themselves aware of the facts about pregnancy in sport, and ensure that they make informed decisions about participation. We will only require pregnant women to sign a disclaimer if we require other participants to sign one in similar circumstances. We will not require women to undertake a pregnancy test.

6.6 Gender Identity

Everyone bound by this policy must treat people who identify as transgender fairly and with dignity and respect. This includes acting with sensitivity and respect where a person is undergoing gender transition. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person who identifies as transgender or transsexual or who is thought to be transgender. Descriptions of the types of behaviour which could be regarded as transgender discrimination or harassment are provided in the Dictionary at [clause 10].

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation recognises that the exclusion of transgender people from participation in sporting events has significant implications for their health, well-being and involvement in community life. In general the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will facilitate transgender persons participating in our sport with the gender with which they identify.

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation also recognises there is debate over whether a male to female transgender person obtains any physical advantage over other female participants. This debate is reflected in the divergent discrimination laws across the country. If issues of performance advantage arise, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will seek advice on the application of those laws in the particular circumstances.

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation is aware that the International Olympic Committee (IOC) has established criteria for selection and participation in the Olympic Games. Where a transgender person intends competing at an elite level, we will encourage them to obtain advice about the IOC's criteria which may differ from the position taken by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation.

Drug testing procedures and prohibitions also apply to people who identify as transgender. A person receiving treatment involving a Prohibited Substance or Method, as described on the World Anti-Doping Agency's Prohibited List, should apply for a standard Therapeutic Use Exemption.

7. Complaints Procedures

7.1 Complaints

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation aims to provide a simple procedure for complaints based on the principles of procedural fairness (natural justice). Any person (a complainant) may report a complaint about a person/s or organisation bound by this policy (respondent). Such complaints should be reported to Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President.

The lowest level at which a matter can be dealt with shall always be preferred. Therefore, if a complaint relates to behaviour or an incident that occurred at the:

- complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant affiliated association in the first instance; or
- club level or involves people operating at the club level, then the complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant club in the first instance.

Only matters most serious cases from club and state level should be referred to the APSBF.

A complaint may be dealt with informally or formally. The complainant usually decides this unless the Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President, considers that the complaint falls outside this policy and would be better dealt with another way and/or the law requires the complaint/allegation to be reported to an appropriate authority.

All complaints will be dealt with promptly, seriously, sensitively and confidentially. Our complaint procedures are outlined in attachment D1.

Individuals and organisations may also pursue their complaint externally under anti-discrimination, child protection, criminal or other relevant legislation.

7.2 Vexatious Complaints & Victimisation

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation aims for our complaints procedure to have integrity and be free of unfair repercussions or victimisation. If at any point in the complaints process the Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President, considers that a complainant has **knowingly** made an untrue complaint or the complaint is vexatious or malicious, the matter may be referred to the Australian Billiards & Snooker Disciplinary Committee for appropriate action which may include disciplinary action against the complainant.

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will take all necessary steps to make sure that people involved in a complaint are not victimised. Disciplinary measures can be imposed on anyone who harasses or victimises another person for making a complaint.

7.3 Mediation

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation aims to resolve complaints with a minimum of fuss. Complaints may be resolved by agreement between the people involved with no need for disciplinary action. Mediation allows those involved to be heard and to come up with mutually agreed solutions.

Mediation may occur before or after the investigation of a complaint. If a complainant wishes to resolve the complaint with the help of a mediator, the Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President, will, in consultation with the complainant, arrange for a neutral third party mediator where possible. Lawyers are not able to negotiate on behalf of the complainant and/or the respondent. More information on the mediation process is outlined in attachment D2.

7.4 Tribunals

A Tribunal may be convened to hear a formal complaint:

- referred to it by Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President
- referred to it or escalated by a state association][because of the serious nature of the complaint, or unable to be resolved at the state level, or the state policy directs it to be]; and/or
- for an alleged breach of this policy.

Our Tribunal procedure is outlined in attachment D5.

A respondent may lodge an appeal only to the Appeal Tribunal in respect of a Tribunal decision. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal is final and binding on the people involved. Our appeals process is outlined in attachment D5.

Every organisation bound by this policy will recognise and enforce any decision of a Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal under this policy.

8. What is a Breach of this policy?

It is a breach of this policy for any person or organisation to which this policy applies, to do anything contrary to this policy, including but not limited to:

- 8.1 Breaching the Codes of Behaviour (attachment B to this policy);
- 8.2 Bringing the sport and/or the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation into disrepute, or acting in a manner likely to bring the sport and/or the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation into disrepute
- 8.3 Failing to follow the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation policies (including this policy) and procedures for the protection, safety and welfare of children;
- 8.4 Discriminating against, harassing or bullying (including cyber bullying) any person;
- 8.5 Victimising another person for reporting a complaint;
- 8.6 Engaging in a sexually inappropriate relationship with a person that they supervise, or have influence, authority or power over;
- 8.7 Verbally or physically assaulting another person, intimidating another person or creating a hostile environment within the sport;
- 8.8 Disclosing to any unauthorised person or organisation any he Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation information that is of a private, confidential or privileged nature;
- 8.9 Making a complaint they **knew** to be untrue, vexatious, malicious or improper;
- 8.10 Failing to comply with a penalty imposed after a finding that the individual or organisation has breached this policy; or
- 8.11 Failing to comply with a direction given to the individual or organisation during the discipline process.

9. Disciplinary Measures

If an individual or organisation to which this policy applies breaches this policy, one or more forms of discipline may be imposed. Any disciplinary measure imposed under this policy must:

- Be applied consistent with any contractual and employment rules and requirements;
- Be fair and reasonable;
- Be based on the evidence and information presented and the seriousness of the breach; and
- Be determined in accordance with our Constitution, By Laws, this policy and/or Rules of the sport.

9.1 Individual

Subject to contractual and employment requirements, if a finding is made by a Tribunal that an individual has breached this policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed:

- 9.1.1 A direction that the individual make a verbal and/or written apology;
- 9.1.2 A written warning;
- 9.1.3 A direction that the individual attend counselling to address their behaviour;
- 9.1.4 A withdrawal of any awards, placings, records, achievements bestowed in any tournaments, activities or events held or sanctioned by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation:
- 9.1.5 A demotion or transfer of the individual to another location, role or activity;
- 9.1.6 A suspension of the individual's membership or participation or engagement in a role or activity;
- 9.1.7 Termination of the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;
- 9.1.8 A recommendation that the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation terminate the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;
- 9.1.9 In the case of a coach or official, a direction that the relevant organisation de-register the accreditation of the coach or official for a period of time or permanently:
- 9.1.10 A fine:
- 9.1.11 Any other form of discipline that Complaint's Officer, the APSBF's President considers appropriate.

9.2 Organisation

If a finding is made that the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation or one of its affiliated state associations has breached its own or this national Member Protection Policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's Disciplinary Committee and the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's Constitution.

- 9.2.1 A written warning;
- 9.2.2 A fine:
- 9.2.3 A direction that any rights, privileges and benefits provided to that organisation by the national body or other peak association be suspended for a specified period:
- 9.2.4 A direction that any funding granted or given to it by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation cease from a specified date;
- 9.2.5 A direction that the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation cease to sanction events held by or under the auspices of that organisation;
- 9.2.6 A recommendation to Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation that its membership of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation be suspended or terminated in accordance with the relevant constitution or rules; and/or
- 9.2.7 Any other form of discipline that the national body or peak organisation considers to be reasonable and appropriate.

9.3 Factors to consider

The form of discipline to be imposed on an individual or organisation will depend on factors such as:

- Nature and seriousness of the breach:
- If the person knew or should have known that the behaviour was a breach;
- Level of contrition:
- The effect of the proposed disciplinary measures on the person including any personal, professional or financial consequences;
- If there have been relevant prior warnings or disciplinary action;
- Ability to enforce discipline if the person is a parent or spectator (even if they are bound by the policy); and/or
- · Any other mitigating circumstances.

10. Dictionary

This Dictionary sets out the meaning of words used in this policy and its attachments without limiting the ordinary and natural meaning of the words. State/Territory specific definitions and more detail on some of the words in this dictionary can be sourced from the relevant State/Territory child protection commissions or equal opportunity and anti-discrimination commissions.

Abuse is a form of harassment and includes physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse, neglect, and abuse of power. Examples of abusive behaviour include bullying, humiliation, verbal abuse and insults.

Affiliated Members means the individual Billiards & Snooker Associations that are affiliated to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation.

Child means a person who is under the age of 18 years

Child abuse involves conduct which puts children at risk of harm (usually by adults, sometimes by other children) and often by those they know and trust. It can take many forms, including verbal and physical actions and by people failing to provide them with basic care. Child abuse may include:

- Physical abuse by hurting a child or a child's development (e.g. hitting, shaking or other physical harm; giving a child alcohol or drugs; or training that exceeds the child's development or maturity).
- Sexual abuse by adults or other children where a child is encouraged or forced to watch or
 engage in sexual activity or where a child is subject to any other inappropriate conduct of a
 sexual nature (e.g. sexual intercourse, masturbation, oral sex, pornography including child
 pornography or inappropriate touching or conversations).

- Emotional abuse by ill-treating a child (e.g. humiliation, taunting, sarcasm, yelling, negative criticism, name calling, ignoring or placing unrealistic expectations on a child).
- Neglect (e.g. failing to give food, water, shelter or clothing or to protect a child from danger or foreseeable risk of harm or injury).

Complaint means a complaint made under clause 7.1.

Complainant means a person making a complaint.

Complaint Handler/Manager means a person appointed under this policy to investigate a Complaint

Discrimination means treating or proposing to treat someone less favourably because of a particular characteristic in the same or similar circumstances in certain areas of public life (Direct Discrimination), or imposing or intending to impose an unreasonable requirement, condition or practice that is the same for everyone, but which has an unequal or disproportionate effect on individuals or groups with particular characteristics (Indirect Discrimination). The characteristics covered by discrimination law across Australia are:

- · Age;
- · Disability:
- Family/carer responsibilities:
- Gender identity/transgender status;
- Homosexuality and sexual orientation;
- Irrelevant medical record:
- Irrelevant criminal record:
- Political belief/activity;
- Pregnancy and breastfeeding;
- Race:
- Religious belief/activity;
- Sex or gender;
- Social origin;
- Trade union membership/activity.

(Some States and Territories include additional characteristics such as physical features or association with a person with one or more of the characteristics listed above).

Examples of Discrimination

- Age: A club refuses to allow an older person to coach a team simply because of age.
- Breastfeeding: A member of the club who is breastfeeding a baby in the club rooms is asked to leave.
- Disability: A junior player is overlooked because of mild epilepsy.
- Family responsibilities: A club decides not to promote an employee because he has a child with a disability even though the employee is the best person for the job.
- **Gender Identity:** A transgender contract worker is harassed when employees refuse to call her by her female name.
- **Homosexuality:** An athlete is ostracised from her team after it becomes known that she is a lesbian.
- Marital Status: A player is deliberately excluded from team activities and social functions because she is single
- Pregnancy: A woman is dropped from a squad when she becomes pregnant.
- Race: An Italian referee is not permitted to referee games with a high proportion of Italian players on one team because of his race.
- Sex: Specialist coaching is only offered to male players in a mixed team.

Harassment is any type of behaviour that the other person does not want and that is offensive, abusive, belittling or threatening. The behaviour is unwelcome and a reasonable person would recognise it as being unwelcome and likely to cause the recipient to feel offended, humiliated or intimidated.

Unlawful harassment is sexual or targets a person because of their race, sex, pregnancy, marital status, sexual orientation or some other characteristic (see characteristic list under discrimination).

It does not matter whether the harassment was intended: the focus is on the impact of the behaviour. The basic rule is if someone else finds it harassing then it could be harassment. Harassment may be a single incident but is usually repeated. It may be explicit or implicit, verbal or non-verbal.

Discrimination and harassment are not permitted in employment (including volunteer and unpaid employment); when providing sporting goods and services including access to sporting facilities; when providing education and accommodation; the selection or otherwise of any person for competition or a team (domestic or international); the entry or otherwise of any player or other person to any competition and the obtaining or retaining membership of clubs and organisations (including the rights and privileges of membership).

Some exceptions to state and federal anti-discrimination law apply. Examples include:

- holding a competitive sporting activity for females only who are under 12 years of age or of any age where strength, stamina or physique is relevant or
- not selecting a participant if the person's disability means he or she is not reasonably capable
 of performing the actions reasonably required for that particular sporting activity.

Requesting, assisting, instructing, inducing or encouraging another person to engage in discrimination or harassment may also be against the law.

It is also a breach of discrimination law to victimise a person who is involved in making a complaint of discrimination or harassment. Example: a player is ostracised by her male coach for complaining about his sexist behaviour or for supporting another player who has made such a complaint.

Public acts of racial hatred which are reasonably likely to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate are also prohibited. This applies to spectators, participants or any other person who engages in such an act in public. Some states and territories also prohibit public acts that vilify on other grounds such as homosexuality, gender identity, HIV/AIDS, religion and disability – see vilification.

Mediator means an impartial/neutral person appointed to mediate Complaints.

Member means any player, official, administrator that is a member of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation or of one of its affiliates.

Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) means a person trained to be the first point of contact for a person reporting a complaint under, or a breach of, this Policy.

Natural justice (also referred to as procedural fairness) incorporates the following principles:

- both the Complainant and the Respondent must know the full details of what is being said against them and have the opportunity to respond;
- •all relevant submissions must be considered;
- •no person may judge their own case;
- •the decision maker/s must be unbiased, fair and just;
- •the penalties imposed must be fair.

Police check means a national criminal history record check conducted as a pre-employment, pre-engagement or current employment background check on a person.

This policy means this Member Protection Policy.

Respondent means the person who is being complained about.

Role-specific codes of conduct (or behaviour) means standards of conduct required of certain roles (e.g. coaches).

Sexual harassment means unwanted, unwelcome or uninvited behaviour of a sexual nature which makes a person feel humiliated, intimidated or offended. Sexual harassment can take many different forms and may include unwanted physical contact, verbal comments, jokes, propositions, display of pornographic or offensive material or other behaviour that creates a sexually hostile environment.

Sexual harassment is not behaviour based on mutual attraction, friendship and respect. If the interaction is between consenting adults, it is not sexual harassment.

Sexual offence means a criminal offence involving sexual activity or acts of indecency including but not limited to (due to differences under state/territory legislation):

- Rape
- · Indecent assault
- Sexual assault
- · Assault with intent to have sexual intercourse
- Incest
- Sexual penetration of child under the age of 16
- · Indecent act with child under the age of 16
- Sexual relationship with child under the age of 16
- · Sexual offences against people with impaired mental functioning
- · Abduction and detention
- Procuring sexual penetration by threats or fraud
- Procuring sexual penetration of child under the age of 16
- Bestiality
- · Soliciting acts of sexual penetration or indecent acts
- · Promoting or engaging in acts of child prostitution
- · Obtaining benefits from child prostitution
- · Possession of child pornography
- · Publishing child pornography and indecent articles.

Transgender is a general term applied to individuals and behaviours that differ from the gender role commonly, but not always, assigned at birth. It does not imply any specific form of sexual orientation.

Victimisation means subjecting a person or threatening to subject a person to any detriment or unfair treatment because that person has or intends to pursue their rights to make a complaint under government legislation (e.g. anti-discrimination) or under this Policy, or for supporting such a person.

Vilification involves a person or organisation doing public acts to incite hatred towards, serious contempt for, or severe ridicule of a person or group of persons having any of the attributes or characteristics within the meaning of discrimination. Public acts that may amount to vilification include any form of communication to the public and any conduct observable by the public.

PART B: CODES OF BEHAVIOUR

B General Code of Behaviour

- B.1 Coach's Code of Behaviour
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- B.6 State, National or International Representative's Code of Behaviour

B General Code of Behaviour

As a member of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, a member association or an affiliated club or a person required to comply with the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct during any activity held or sanctioned by APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club and in any role you hold within APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club:

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of others.
- 2. Be fair, considerate and honest in all dealing with others.
- 3. Be professional in, and accept responsibility for, your actions.
- 4. Be aware of, and uphold the APSBF's standards, rules, regulations and policies. Operate within the rules of the sport, including national and international guidelines.
- 5. Do not promote your own beliefs, behaviours or practices where these are inconsistent with those of the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club.
- 6. Demonstrate a high degree of individual responsibility especially when dealing with persons Under 18 years of age, as your words and actions are an example. Wherever possible, avoid unaccompanied and unobserved activities with persons Under 18 years of age
- 7. Refrain from any form of harassment of others. Treat all players fairly, regardless of gender, race, place of origin, athletic potential, colour, sexual orientation, religion, political beliefs, socio-economic status and other conditions
- 8. Refrain from any behaviour that may bring the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club into disrepute.
- 9. Provide a safe environment for the conduct of the activity and always show concern and caution towards others who may be sick or injured
- 10. Understand the repercussions if you breach, or are aware of any breaches of, this code of behaviour.
- 11. Never engage, directly or indirectly, in any bet, wager, gamble or any other form of financial speculation where you stand to win or gain from the win, draw or loss of any match in which you are a competitor.
- 12. Never throw or fix a match;
- 13. Never engage in any conduct or behaviour intended to bring about a result other than that which would be achieved in a fair contest between the competitors. An example would be accepting or agreeing to accept any money, gift, consideration or benefit (whether in cash or kind) to influence, change or control the outcome of a match.

B.1 Coach's Code of Behaviour

In addition to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, General Code of Behaviour, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct during any activity held or sanctioned by the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club and in your role as a coach appointed by the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club:

- 1. Do not tolerate or initiate acts of aggression.
- 2. Provide feedback to players and other participants in a manner sensitive to their needs. Avoid overly negative feedback.
- 3. Recognise players' rights to consult with other coaches and advisers. Cooperate fully with other specialists (for example, sports scientists, doctors and physiotherapists).
- 4. Encourage and facilitate players' independence and responsibility for their own behaviour, performance, decisions and actions.
- 5. Involve the players in decisions that affect them.
- 6. Encourage players to respect one another and to expect respect for their worth as individuals regardless of their level of play.
- 7. Ensure that the tasks and/or training set are suitable for age, experience, ability, and physical and psychological conditions of the players.
- 8. Ensure any physical contact with players is appropriate to the situation and necessary for the player's skill development. Avoid situations with your players that could be construed as compromising
- 9. Be acutely aware of the power that you as a coach develop with your players in the coaching relationship and avoid any sexual intimacy with players that could develop as a result.
- 10. Actively discourage the use of performance enhancing drugs, and immediately report to the APSBF any evidence of this occurring. Actively discourage the use of alcohol, tobacco and illegal substances.
- 11. Do not exploit any coaching relationship to further personal, political or business interests at the expense of the best interest of your players.
- 12. Accept and respect the role of officials in ensuring that competitions are conducted fairly and according to established rules.
- 13. Know and abide by rules, regulations and standards, and encourage players to do likewise. Accept both the letter and the spirit of the rules.
- 14. Be honest and ensure that qualifications are not misrepresented.

B.2 Official's Code of Behaviour

In addition to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, General Code of Behaviour, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct during any activity held or sanctioned by the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club and in your role as an official appointed by the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club:

- 1. Place the safety and welfare of the players/participants above all else.
- 2. Accept responsibility for all actions taken.
- 3. Maintain strict impartiality. Excuse yourself from any situation involving a relative, close friend or where you hold a biased or prejudicial view. Resolve conflicts fairly and promptly through established procedures. In doing so, validate the facts, avoid relying on anecdotal data, and always document all discussions that lead to the conflict resolution for future reference.
- 4. Avoid any situation which may lead to a conflict of interest, such as placing a bet on a match, accepting a gift from a player or in any way tampering with a fair contest
- 5. Be courteous, respectful and open to discussion and interaction.
- 6. Value the individual in sport.
- 7. Be aware of your legal responsibilities

B.3 Administrator's Code of Behaviour

In addition to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, General Code of Behaviour, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct during any activity held by or under the auspices of the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club, and in your role as an administrator of the APSBF, a member association or an affiliated club:

- 1. Place the safety and welfare of the players/participants above all else.
- 2. Accept responsibility for all actions taken
- 3. Maintain strict impartiality. Excuse yourself from any situation involving a relative, close friend or where you hold a biased or prejudicial view. Resolve conflicts fairly and promptly through established procedures. In doing so, validate the facts, avoid relying on anecdotal data, and always document all discussions that lead to the conflict resolution for future reference.
- 4. Avoid any situation which may lead to a conflict of interest, such as placing a bet on a match, accepting a gift from a player or in any way tampering with a fair contest 5. Be courteous, respectful and open to discussion and interaction
- 5. Value the individual in sport.
- 6. Be aware of your legal responsibilities

B.4 Parent/Guardian's Code of Behaviour

As a parent/guardian of a player/participant in any activity held by or under the auspices the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation, a member association or an affiliated club, you must meet the following requirements in regard to your conduct during any such activity or event:

- 1 Respect the rights, dignity and worth of others.
- 2. Remember that your child participates in sport for their own enjoyment, not yours.

- 3. Focus on your child's efforts and performance rather than winning or losing.
- 4. Never ridicule or yell at your child and other children for making a mistake or losing a competition.
- 5. Show appreciation for good performance and skilful plays by all players (including opposing players).
- 6. Demonstrate a high degree of individual responsibility especially when dealing with or in the vicinity of persons Under 18 years of age, as your words and actions are an example.
- 7. Respect officials' decisions and teach children to do likewise.
- 8. Never physically or verbally abuse or harass anyone associated with the sport (player, coach, umpire and so on).
- 9. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every young person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion.
- 10. Be a positive role model.
- 11. Understand the repercussions if you breach, or are aware of any breaches of, this code of behaviour.

B.5 Players Code of Behaviour

Under the terms and conditions of this Code of Ethics it shall be the responsibility of all who compete in events conducted under the auspices of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and it's Affiliates to comply with this Code of Ethics and at all times act in the spirit of good sportsmanship and do nothing to bring discredit to the games of Billiards and Snooker.

This requirement applies to all levels of play in Local, Club, District, National and International events. Failure to comply with the requirements could be considered a breach of this Code of Ethics and may result in a fine, suspension, or a combination of both.

- 1. Respect the rights, dignity and worth of fellow players, coaches, officials and spectators.
- 2. Do not tolerate or initiate acts of aggression.
- 3. Respect the talent, potential and development of fellow players and competitors.
- 4. Care for and respect the equipment provided to you as part of your program.
- 5. At all times avoid intimate relationships with your coach.
- 6. Conduct yourself in a professional manner relating to language, temper and punctuality.
- 7. Maintain high personal behaviour standards at all times.
- 8. Abide by the rules and respect the decision of the official, making all appeals through the formal process and respecting the final decision.
- 9. Be respectful and courteous to the sponsors and hosts of the event
- 10. Never engage in match-fixing
- 11. Avoid any situation which may lead to a conflict of interest, such as placing a bet on a match, accepting a gift from a player or in any way tampering with a fair contest.

Additional clauses can be found in the APSBF Code of Ethics:

PART C: SCREENING / WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

Background

Child protection is about keeping children safe from harm/abuse. Child abuse is illegal, and all states and territories have their own systems and laws that cover screening and/or the reporting and investigation of cases of child abuse.

Working with Children Check (WWCC) laws aim to prevent people who pose a risk from working with children as paid employees or volunteers. Laws require individuals involved in areas such as sport and recreation to undertake a check to determine their suitability to work (in a paid or volunteer capacity) with children. This is done by checking certain criminal history and other matters. In some states this also involves reviewing relevant findings from disciplinary proceedings. There are also requirements placed on organisations.

MEMBER PROTECTION DECLARATION

The Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation has a duty of care to all those associated with the sport at the international level and to the individuals and organisations to whom our national Member Protection Policy applies. As a requirement of our national Member Protection Policy, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation must enquire into the background of those who undertake any work, coaching or regular unsupervised contact with people under the age of 18 years.

I(name) of

| | (address) born// |
|-------|--|
| since | erely declare: |
| 1. | I do not have any criminal charge pending before the courts. |
| 2. | I do not have any criminal convictions or findings of guilt for sexual offences, offences related to children or acts of violence |
| 3. | I have not had any disciplinary proceedings brought against me by an employer, sporting organisation or similar body involving child abuse, sexual misconduct or harassment, other forms of harassment or acts of violence |
| 4. | I am not currently serving a sanction for an anti-doping rule violation under an WADA approved anti-doping policy applicable to me. |
| 5. | I will not participate in, facilitate or encourage any practice prohibited by the World Anti-Doping Agency Code or any other WADA approved anti-doping policy applicable to me. |
| 6. | To my knowledge there is no other matter that the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation may consider to constitute a risk to its members, employees, volunteers, athletes or reputation by engaging me. |
| 7. | I will notify the President of the organisation(s) engaging me immediately upon becoming aware that any of the matters set out in clauses 1 to 6 above has changed. |
| Decla | ared in the State/Territory of |

on/......(date) Signature

| Parent/Guardian Consent (in respect of a person under the age of 18 years) |
|---|
| I have read and understood the declaration provided by my child. I confirm and warrant that the |

Date:

| contents of the declaration provided by my child are true and correct in every particular. |
|--|
| Name: |
| Signature: |

Where a person has no disclosable criminal history, the assessment is successfully completed and no further action in respect to an assessment is required.

Where an individual does have a criminal history, the APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation must assess this information in accordance with Standard 5 of the

Each assessment is conducted on its individual merits and with consideration to the inherent requirements of the position. As required by the *Standards for dealing with information obtained* about the criminal history of employees and volunteers who work with children, principles of procedural fairness and natural justice are applied throughout the decision-making process and the individual is provided an opportunity to confirm or dispute the information contained within the report and to provide contextual information for consideration during the assessment process.

Criminal history information will not be retained once a decision has been made regarding the person's suitability to work with children. No criminal history information will be retained beyond three months.

In accordance with its legal requirements, the organisation will retain the following information regarding its decision:

- That a criminal history report was obtained
- How the criminal history information affected decision making processes
- Statutory declarations (where applicable)

The APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation may obtain a further criminal history assessment for a staff member or volunteer at any time that they believe it necessary or desirable for the purpose of maintaining a child safe environment.

New applicants for employment, membership and volunteer positions will be provided with the opportunity to confirm or dispute the information contained within the National Police Certificate report and to provide contextual information if they wish before the assessment is conducted.

The APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will communicate to the applicant the decision not to employ or engage them or to accept their application for membership. They will not be provided with the reasons for this decision.

There will be no appeal to this decision.

Other evidence (optional)

Where appropriate, the APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation may utilise a number of forms of evidence (obtained within the last three years) to assess a person's suitability to work with children. This includes:

- A National Police Certificate that does not expressly state that it cannot be used as a clearance to work with children
- A valid and current interstate working with children check.

Acceptance of other forms of evidence is at the discretion of the APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and is subject to the person completing a 100-point check to confirm the true identity of the applicant.

This APSBF Executive Member of the South Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation may also at its discretion seek a statutory declaration for any *employee(s)* or *volunteer(s)* who have been citizens or permanent residents of a country since turning 18 years of age.

Exemptions from the requirement to conduct criminal history assessments

In accordance with guidelines the APSBF has agreed to exempt the following persons from the requirement to undertake a criminal history assessment, unless that person is also involved in a function or event conducted by the APSBF, its affiliated associations or clubs which involves the care of children in overnight accommodation.

- A person volunteering in an activity in which their child ordinarily participates;
- A person who volunteers who is less than 18 years of age;
- A person working or volunteering for a short-term event or activity of less than 10 days duration or for no more than 1 day in any month;
- A person occupying a position in which all work involving children is undertaken in the physical presence of the child's parents or guardians and in which there is ordinarily no physical contact with the children;
- A person who undertakes, or a position that only involves, work that is primarily provided to adults or the community generally and is not provided to any child on an individual basis;
- An organisation that provides equipment, food or venues for children's parties or events but does not provide any other services to children;
- A person who has regular contact with a child as part of an employment relationship with that child (such as a person working alongside a child or supervising an employee who is a child);
- A person who is appointed as a police officer or is a registered teacher. (Police officers and teachers are already subject to comprehensive criminal history assessments as a prerequisite for employment).

PART D: COMPLAINT HANDLING PROCEDURES

Attachment C: COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

All complaints will be kept confidential and will not be disclosed to another person without the complainant's consent except if law requires disclosure or if disclosure is necessary to effectively deal with the complaint.

Individuals and organisations may also pursue their complaint externally under anti-discrimination, child protection or other relevant legislation.

If you wish to remain anonymous, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation may have difficulty assisting you to resolve your complaint. Procedural fairness (natural justice) means that the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation is required to provide the person/people you have complained about with full details of the complaint so they have a fair chance to respond.

INFORMAL APPROACHES

Step 1: Talk with the other person (where this is reasonable and appropriate)

In the first instance, you (the Complainant) should try to sort out the problem with the person or people involved (respondent) if you feel able to do so.

Step 2: Contact a Member Protection Information Officer (appointed by the President or the Secretary on a case-by-case basis)

Talk with one of our Member Protection Information Officers (MPIOs) (appointed by the President or the Secretary on a case-by-case basis) *if*:

- the first step is not possible/reasonable;
- you are not sure how to handle the problem by yourself;
- you want to talk confidentially about the problem with someone and obtain more information about what you can do; or
- the problem continues after you tried to approach the person or people involved.

The Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) will:

- take confidential notes about your complaint;
- try to find out the facts of the problem;
- ask what outcome/how you want the problem resolved and if you need support;
- provide possible options for you to resolve the problem;
- act as a support person if you so wish;
- refer you to an appropriate person (e.g. Mediator) to help you resolve the problem, if necessary;
- inform the relevant government authorities and/or police if required by law to do so;
- maintain confidentiality.

Step 3: Outcomes from initial contact

After talking with the Member Protection Information Officers, you may decide:

- there is no problem;
- the problem is minor and you do not wish to take the matter forward;
- to try and work out your own resolution (with or without a support person such as a MPIO); or
- to seek a mediated resolution with the help of a third person (such as a mediator); or
- to seek a formal approach.

FORMAL APPROACHES

Step 4: Making a Formal complaint

If your complaint is not resolved or informal approaches are not appropriate or possible, you may:

make a formal complaint in writing to the APSBF President or Secretary, or

approach a relevant external agency such as an anti-discrimination commission, for advice.

On receiving a formal complaint and based on the material you have provided, the APSBF President or Secretary will decide whether:

- they are the most appropriate person to receive and handle the complaint;
- the nature and seriousness of the complaint warrants a formal resolution procedure;
- to appoint a person to **investigate** (gather more information on) the complaint;
- to refer the complaint to mediation;
- to refer the complaint to a hearings tribunal;
- to refer the matter to the police or other appropriate authority; and/or
- to implement any interim arrangements that will apply until the complaint process set out in these Procedures is completed.

In making the decision(s) outlined above, the President or Secretary will take into account:

- whether they have had any personal involvement in the circumstances which means that someone else should handle the complaint;
- your wishes, and the wishes of the respondent, regarding the manner in which the complaint should be handled;
- the relationship between you and the respondent (for example an actual or perceived power imbalance between you and the respondent);
- whether the facts of the complaint are in dispute; and
- the urgency of the complaint, including the possibility that you will be subject to further unacceptable behaviour while the complaint process is underway.

If the APSBF President (or Secretary) is the appropriate person to handle the complaint they will, to the extent that these steps are necessary:

- put the information they've received from you to the person/people you're complaining about and ask them to provide their side of the story;
- decide if they have enough information to determine whether the matter alleged in your complaint did or didn't happen; and/or
- determine what, if any, further action to take. This action may include disciplinary action in accordance with this policy.

Step 5: Investigation of the complaint

- A person appointed under Step 3 will conduct an investigation and provide a written report to the APSBF President (or Secretary), who will determine what further action to take;
- If the complaint is referred to mediation, it will be conducted in accordance with Attachment C or as otherwise agreed by you and the respondent and the mediation provider;
- If the complaint is referred to the police or other appropriate authority, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will use its best endeavours to provide all reasonable assistance required by the police or other authority.

Any costs relating to the complaint process set out in this Policy (e.g. investigation and/or mediation and/or hearings tribunal) are to be met by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation unless otherwise stated in the relevant Attachment.

Step 6: Reconsideration of initial outcome/investigation or appeal

If, under the formal complaint process, mediation is unsuccessful, you may request that the APSBF President (or Secretary) reconsider the complaint in accordance with **Step 3**.

Step 7: Documenting the resolution

The APSBF President (or Secretary), will document the complaint, the process and the outcome. This document will be stored in a confidential and secure place. If the complaint was dealt with, the information will be stored in the APSBF office. If the matter is of a serious nature, or if the matter was escalated to and/or dealt with at the national level, the original document will be stored at the national office with a copy stored at the state office.

EXTERNAL APPROACHES

There are a range of other options available depending on the nature of your complaint. If you feel that you have been harassed or discriminated against, you can seek advice from your State or Territory anti-discrimination commission without being obliged to make a formal complaint. If the commission advises you that the problem appears to be harassment within its jurisdiction, you may lodge a formal complaint with the commission.

Once a complaint is received by an anti-discrimination commission, it will investigate. If it appears that unlawful harassment or discrimination has occurred, the commission will conciliate the complaint confidentially. If this fails, or is inappropriate, the complaint may go to a formal hearing where a finding will be made. The tribunal will decide upon what action, if any, will be taken. This could include financial compensation for such things as distress, lost earnings or medical and counselling expenses incurred.

If you do lodge a complaint under anti-discrimination law, you may use the APSBF President (or Secretary) as a support person throughout the process. It is also common to have a legal representative, particularly at the hearing stage of a complaint.

You could also approach another external agency such as the police.

Attachment D1: MEDIATION

Mediation is a process during which people in conflict are helped to communicate with each other to identify the areas of dispute and to make decisions about resolving it. This attachment outlines the general procedure of mediation that will be followed by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation.

- 1. If mediation is chosen, the APSBF President (or Secretary) will, under the direction of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and in consultation with the complainant and the respondent(s), arrange for a mediator.
- 2. The mediator's role is to assist the complainant and respondent(s) reach an agreement on how to resolve the problem. The mediator, in consultation with the complainant and respondent(s), will choose the procedures to be followed during the mediation. At a minimum, an agenda of issues for discussion will be prepared by the mediator.
- 3. The mediation will be conducted confidentially and without prejudice to the rights of the complainant and the respondent(s) to pursue an alternative process if the complaint is not resolved.
- 4. At the end of a successful mediation the mediator will prepare a document that sets out the agreement reached which will be signed by them as their agreement.
- 5. If the complaint is not resolved by mediation, the complainant may:
 - a. Write to the APSBF President (or Secretary or the APSBF Council) to request that the reconsideration the complaint in accordance with **Step 3**; *or*
 - b. Approach an external agency such as an anti-discrimination commission.
- 6. Mediation will **not** be recommended if:
 - a. The respondent has a completely different version of the events and will not deviate from these;
 - b. The complainant or respondent are unwilling to attempt mediation;
 - c. Due to the nature of the complaint, the relationship between the complainant and the respondent(s) or any other relevant factors, the complaint is not suitable for mediation; or
 - d. The matter involves proven serious allegations, regardless of the wishes of the Complainant.

Attachment D2: INVESTIGATION PROCESS

If an investigation needs to be conducted to gather more information the following steps will be followed:

- 1. We will provide a written brief to the investigator clarifying terms of engagement and roles and responsibilities. The investigator will:
 - 1.1 Interview the complainant and record the interview in writing.
 - 1.2 Convey full details of the complaint to the respondent (s) so that they can respond.
 - 1.3 Interview the respondent to allow them to answer the complaint, and record the interview in writing.
 - 1.4 Obtain statements from witnesses and other relevant evidence to assist in a determination, if there is a dispute over the facts
 - 1.5 Make a finding as to whether the complaint is:
 - substantiated (there is sufficient evidence to support the complaint);
 - inconclusive (there is insufficient evidence either way);
 - unsubstantiated (there is sufficient evidence to show that the complaint is unfounded); and/or
 - mischievous, vexatious or knowingly untrue.
 - 1.6 Provide a report to the APSBF Disciplinary Committee, documenting the complaint, investigation process, evidence, finding and, if requested, recommendations.
- 2. We will provide a report to the complainant and the respondent(s) documenting the complaint, the investigation process and summarising key points that are substantiated, inconclusive, unsubstantiated and/or mischievous.
- 3. The complainant and the respondent(s) will be entitled to support throughout this process from their chosen support person/adviser (e.g. APSBF President, Secretary or Executive Member).
- 4. The complainant and the respondent(s) may have the right to appeal against any decision based on the investigation. Information on our appeals process is in Attachment D5.

Attachment D3: PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING ALLEGATIONS OF CHILD ABUSE

An allegation of child abuse is a very serious matter and must be handled with a high degree of sensitivity. It is not the responsibility of anyone working in the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation in a paid or unpaid capacity to decide whether or not child abuse has taken place. However, there is a responsibility to act on any concerns by reporting these to the appropriate authorities. The following outlines the key steps to follow. More information can be obtained from State or Territory government agencies.

Step 1 - Initial Receipt of an Allegation

If a child or young person discloses an allegation involving harm or abuse to them or another child, then it is crucial that you:

- Stay calm;
- Listen, be supportive and do not dispute what the child says;
- Reassure the child that what has occurred is not the fault of the child;
- Be honest with the child and explain that other people may need to be told in order to stop what is happening:
- Ensure you are clear about what the child has said but do not elicit detailed information, ask leading
 questions or offer an opinion;
- Act promptly to accurately record the discussion in writing;
- Do not discuss the details with any person other than those detailed in these procedures; and
- Do not contact the alleged offender.

Step 2 - Report allegations

- Immediately report any allegation or disclosure of child abuse or situation involving a child at risk of harm, to the police and/or government child protection agency. You may need to report to both.
- Contact the relevant child protection agency or police for advice if there is <u>any</u> doubt about whether
 the complaint should be reported (for example, the allegation may relate to poor/inappropriate
 practice).
- If the child's parent/s is suspected of committing the abuse, you should report the allegation to the relevant government agency.
- If the allegation involves anyone to whom our policy applies, then also report the allegation to the CEO of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation so that they can manage the situation (e.g. contact the parents following advice from the authorities, deal with any media enquiries and manage steps 3 and 4).

Step 3 - Protect the child and manage the situation

- The APSBF President (or Secretary or designated Executive Member) will assess the risks and take
 interim action to ensure the child's/children's safety. Action the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards
 Federation may implement includes redeployment of the alleged offender to a non-child related
 position, supervision of the alleged offender or removal/suspension from their duties until the
 allegations are finally determined.
- The APSBF President (or Secretary or designated Executive Member) will consider the kind of support that the child/ren and parents may need (e.g. counselling, help-lines, support groups).
- APSBF President (or Secretary or designated Executive Member) will address the support needs of the alleged offender.
- The APSBF President (or Secretary or designated Executive Member) will also put in place
 measures to protect the child and the person against whom the complaint is made from victimisation
 and gossip. If the person is stood down, it should be made clear to any persons aware of the
 incident that this does not mean the respondent is guilty and a proper investigation will be
 undertaken.

Step 4 - Internal action

• Where there is an allegation made against a person to whom this policy applies, there may be three types of investigations:

- o Criminal (conducted by police)
- Child protection (conducted by child protection authority)
- o Disciplinary or misconduct (conducted by Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation)
- Irrespective of the findings of the child protection and/or police inquiries, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will assess the allegation to decide whether the person should be reinstated, banned, have their employment or position terminated or any other action.
- The decision-maker(s) will be the APSBF President of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation and it will consider all the information, including the findings of the police, government agency and/or court, and determine a finding, recommend action and explain its rationale for the action. This may be a difficult decision particularly where there is insufficient evidence to uphold any action by the police.
- If disciplinary action is to be taken, the procedures outlined in Clause 9 of the policy will be followed.
- If disciplinary action is taken, the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation will advise and provide a report to the relevant government authority should this be required

Attachment D4: HEARINGS & APPEALS TRIBUNAL PROCEDURE

The following will be followed by hearings tribunals established by the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation to hear national member protection related complaints.

Preparation for Tribunal Hearing

- 1. A Tribunal Panel will be constituted following the rules outlined in Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation's Constitution, to hear a complaint that has been referred to it by the APSBF President or Secretary. The number of Tribunal members required to be present throughout the hearing will be three people.
- 2. The Tribunal members will be provided with a copy of all the relevant correspondence, reports or information received and sent by the APSBF Secretary, relating to the complaint/allegations.
- 3. The Tribunal will be scheduled as soon as practicable, but must allow adequate time for the person being complained about (respondent(s)) to prepare their case for the hearing.
- 4. The Tribunal will not include any person who has any actual or perceived conflict of interest, or bias regarding the matter.
- 5. The APSBF Secretary will inform the respondent(s) in writing that a tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - That the person has a right to appear at the tribunal hearing to defend the complaint/allegation;
 - Details of the complaint, and details of all allegations and the clause of any policy or rule allegedly breached;
 - The date, time and venue of the tribunal hearing;
 - That they can make either verbal or written submissions to the Tribunal;
 - That they may arrange for witnesses to attend the Tribunal in support of their position (statutory declarations of witnesses not available or from character witnesses may also be provided to the Tribunal);
 - An outline of any possible penalties that may be imposed if the complaint is found to be true; and
 - That legal representation will not be allowed. If the respondent is a minor, they should have a parent or guardian present.

A copy of any information / documents that have been given to the Tribunal (e.g. investigation report findings) will also be provided to the respondent.

The respondent(s) will be allowed to participate in all Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation activities and events, pending the decision of the Tribunal, including any available appeal process, unless the APSBF President believes it is necessary to exclude the respondent(s) from all or some Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation activities and events, after considering the nature of the complaint.

- 6. The APSBF Secretary will notify the complainant in writing that a tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - That the person has a right to appear at the tribunal hearing to support their complaint;
 - Details of the complaint, including any relevant rules or regulations the respondent is accused of breaching
 - The date, time and venue of the tribunal hearing;
 - That they can make either verbal or written submissions to the Tribunal;
 - That they may arrange for witnesses to attend the Tribunal in support of their position (or provide statutory declarations from witnesses unable to attend); and
 - That legal representation will not be allowed. If complainant is a minor, they should have a
 parent or guardian present.

A copy of any information / documents that have been given to the Tribunal (e.g. investigation report findings) will also be provided to the complainant.

7. If the complainant believes the details of the complaint are incorrect or insufficient they should inform the APSBF Secretary as soon as possible so that the respondent and the Tribunal Panel members can be properly informed of the complaint.

8. It is preferable that the Tribunal include at least one person with knowledge or experience of the relevant laws/rules (e.g. Discrimination).

Tribunal Hearing Procedure

- 9. The following people will be allowed to attend the Tribunal Hearing:
 - The Tribunal members;
 - The respondent(s);
 - The complainant:
 - Any witnesses called by the respondent;
 - Any witnesses called by the complainant;
 - Any parent / guardian or support person required to support the respondent or the complainant.
- 10. If the respondent(s) is not present at the set hearing time and the Tribunal Chairperson considers that no valid reason has been presented for their absence, the Tribunal Hearing will continue subject to the Tribunal Chairperson being satisfied that all Tribunal notification requirements have been met.
- 11. If the Tribunal Chairperson considers that a valid reason for the non-attendance of the respondent(s) has been presented, or the Tribunal Chairperson does not believe the Tribunal notification requirements have been met, then the Tribunal will be rescheduled to a later date.
- 12. The Tribunal Chairperson will inform the APSBF Secretary of the need to reschedule, and the APSBF Secretary will organise for the Tribunal to be reconvened.
- 13. The Tribunal Chairperson will read out the complaint, ask the respondent(s) if they understand the complaint and if they agree or disagree with the complaint.
- 14. If the respondent agrees with the complaint, he or she will be asked to provide any evidence or witnesses that should be considered by the Tribunal Panel when determining any disciplinary measures (penalty) as per the Constitution of the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation.
- 15. If the respondent disagrees with the complaint, the complainant will be asked to describe the circumstances that lead to the complaint being made.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The complainant may call witnesses.
 - The respondent(s) may question the complainant and witnesses.
- 16. The respondent(s) will then be asked to respond to the complaint.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The respondent may call witnesses.
 - The complainant may ask questions of the respondent and witnesses.
- 17. Both the complainant and respondent may be present when evidence is presented to the Tribunal. Witnesses may be asked to wait outside the hearing until required.
- 18. The Tribunal may:
 - consider any evidence, and in any form, that it deems relevant.
 - question any person giving evidence.
 - limit the number of witnesses presented to those who provide any new evidence.
 - Require the attendance of any witness it deems relevant;
 - Act in an inquisitorial manner in order to establish the truth of the issue/case before it.
- 19. Video evidence, if available, may be presented. The arrangements must be made entirely by the person/s wishing to offer this type of evidence.
- 20. If the Tribunal considers that at any time during the Tribunal Hearing that there is any unreasonable or intimidatory behaviour from anyone the Chairperson may stop further involvement of the person in the hearing.
- 21. After all of the evidence has been presented the Tribunal will make its decision in private. The Tribunal must decide whether the complaint has been substantiated on the balance of probabilities (i.e. more probable than not). As the seriousness of the allegation increases, so too must the level of satisfaction of the Tribunal that the complaint has been substantiated. The respondent will be given an opportunity to address the Tribunal on disciplinary measures which might be imposed. Disciplinary measures imposed must be reasonable in the circumstances.

- 22. All Tribunal decisions will be by majority vote.
- 23. The Tribunal Chairperson will announce the decision in the presence of all those involved in the hearing and will declare the hearing closed, or may advise those present that the decision is reserved and will be handed down in written form.
- 24. Within 48 hours, the Tribunal Chairperson will:
 - Forward to the APSBF Secretary a copy of the Tribunal decision including any disciplinary measures imposed.
 - Forward a letter to the respondent(s) reconfirming the Tribunal decision and any disciplinary
 measures imposed. The letter should also outline, if allowed, the process and grounds for an
 appeal .Where the matter is of unusual complexity or importance, the Tribunal Chairperson
 may inform the parties in writing within 48 hours that the decision will be delayed for a further
 48 hours.
- 25. The Tribunal does not need to provide written reasons for its decision.

Appeals Procedure

- 26. A complainant or a respondent(s) who is not satisfied with the decision of a Complaints Manager, the outcome of mediation or a Tribunal decision can lodge one appeal to the Asia Pacific Snooker & Billiards Federation on one or more of the following bases:
 - 26.1 That a denial of natural justice has occurred; or
 - 26.2 That the disciplinary measure(s) imposed is unjust and/or unreasonable.
 - That the decision was not supported by the information/evidence provided to the Complaints Manager/Mediator/Tribunal;
- 27. A person wanting to appeal in accordance with clause 25 must lodge a letter setting out the basis for their appeal with the APSBF Secretary within 7 days of the relevant decision.
- 28. If the letter of appeal is not received by the APSBF Secretary within the time period the right of appeal lapses.
- 29. The letter of appeal and copy of tribunal decision report will be forwarded to the APSBF Appeals Committee to review and decide whether there are sufficient grounds for the appeal to proceed. The APSBF Appeals Committee may invite any witnesses to the meeting it believes are required to make an informed decision.
- 30. If the appellant has not shown sufficient grounds for appeal in accordance with clause 25, then the appeal will be rejected. The appellant will be notified with reasons.
- 31. If the appeal is accepted an Appeal Tribunal with a new panel will be convened to rehear the complaint
- 32. The Tribunal Procedure shall be followed for the appeal.
- 33. The decision of an Appeal Tribunal will be final.

PART E: REPORTING DOCUMENTS

ATTACHMENT E1: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF INFORMAL COMPLAINT

| Name of person | Date: / / |
|----------------|-----------|
|----------------|-----------|

| receiving complaint | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------|
| Complainant's Name | | | | |
| Complainant o Hame | ☐ Over 18 ☐ Under 18 | | | der 18 |
| Deletetet e | Over 18 | | | |
| Role/status | Administrator (vo | olunteer) | □ P | arent |
| | Athlete/player | | ☐ Sp | ectator |
| | ☐ Coach/Assistant | Coach | ☐ Su | pport Personnel |
| | ☐ Employee (paid |) | | ther |
| | ☐ Official | | | |
| Location/event of alleged issue | | | | |
| Facts as stated by complainant | | | | |
| Nature of complaint | ☐ Harassment or ☐ Discrimination | | | |
| (category/basis/grounds) | ☐ Sexual/sexist | ☐ Selection dispute | | Coaching methods |
| Can tick more than one box | Sexuality | ☐ Personality clash | | □ Verbal abuse |
| | Race | ☐ Bullying | | ☐ Physical abuse |
| | Religion | □ Disability | | □ Victimisation |
| | ☐ Pregnancy | ☐ Child Abuse | | ☐ Unfair decision |
| | U Other | | | |
| What they want to happen to fix issue | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| What information provided | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| What they are asing to | | | | |
| What they are going to do now | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential place – do not enter it on a computer system. If the issue becomes a formal complaint, this record is to be sent to APSBF Secretary

Attachment E2: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT

| Complainant's Name | | | | Date Formal Complaint | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | □ Over 18 | ☐ Under 18 | | Received: / / | |
| Complainant's contact details | Phone: Email: | | | | |
| Complainant's | ☐ Administrator (volunt | eer) | Parent | | |
| Role/status | ☐ Athlete/player | | ☐ Spectator | | |
| | ☐ Coach/Assistant Coa | ach | ☐ Su | pport Personnel | |
| | ☐ Employee (paid) | | □ O ₁ | ther | |
| | ☐ Official | | | | |
| Name of person complained about (respondent) | ☐ Over 18 | | ☐ Und | der 18 | |
| Respondent's | ☐ Administrator (volunt | eer) | ☐ Pa | arent | |
| Role/status | ☐ Athlete/player | | ☐ Sp | ectator | |
| | ☐ Coach/Assistant Coa | ach | ☐ Su | pport Personnel | |
| | ☐ Employee (paid) | | □ O ₁ | ther | |
| | ☐ Official | | | | |
| Location/event of alleged issue | | | | | |
| Description of alleged issue | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Nature of complaint (category/basis/grounds) | ☐ Harassment or ☐ Dis☐ Sexual/sexist ☐ S | scrimination election dispute | | Coaching methods | |
| | ☐ Sexuality ☐ I | Personality clash | | ∃ Verbal abuse | |
| Can tick more than one box | ☐ Race □ | Bullying | | Physical abuse | |
| | ☐ Religion ☐ ☐ | Disability | [| ☐ Victimisation | |
| | ☐ Pregnancy ☐ 0 | Child Abuse | | Unfair decision | |
| | Other | | | | |
| Methods (if any) of attempted informal resolution | | | | | |

| Formal resolution procedures followed (outline) | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (Oddinie) | |
| | |
| | |
| If investigated: Finding - | |
| If went to hearing tribunal: | |
| Decision - | |
| Action recommended - | |
| If mediated: | |
| Date of mediation - | |
| Were both parties | |
| present - Terms of Agreement - | |
| remis of Agreement | |
| | |
| Any other action taken - | |
| If went to appeals | |
| tribunal: | |
| Decision | |
| Action recommended | |
| Resolution | Less than 3 months to resolve |
| | ☐ Between 3 – 8 months to resolve |
| | ☐ More than 8 months to resolve |
| Completed by | Name: |
| υ | Position: |
| | Signature: / / |
| Signed by: | Complainant: |
| | |
| This record and any notes | Respondent: |

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential place. If the complaint is of a serious nature, or is escalated to and/or dealt with at the national level, the original must be forwarded to the national body and a copy kept at the club/state/district level (whatever level the complaint was made).

Attachment E3: CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATION

Before completing, ensure the procedures outlined in attachment C4 have been followed and advice has been sought from the relevant government agency and/or police.

| Complainant's Name (if other than the child) | | | Date Formal Complaint Received: / / |
|---|---|----------|---|
| Role/status in sport | | | |
| Child's name | | | Age: |
| Child's address | | | |
| Person's reason for suspecting abuse (e.g. observation, injury, disclosure) | | | |
| Name of person complained about | | | |
| Role/status in sport | □ Administrator (volunteer) □ Athlete/player □ Coach/Assistant Coach □ Employee (paid) □ Official | Sp Su | arent pectator apport Personnel ther |
| Witnesses (if more than 3 witnesses, attach details to this form) | Name (1): Contact details: Name (2): Contact details: Name (3): Contact details: | | |
| Interim action (if any) taken (to ensure child's safety and/or to support needs of person complained about) | | | |
| Police contacted | Who: When: Advice provided: | | |
| Government agency contacted | Who: When: Advice provided: | | |

| CEO contacted | Who: When: | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----|
| Police and/or government agency investigation | Finding: | |
| Internal investigation (if any) | Finding: | |
| Action taken | | |
| Completed by | Name: Position: Signature: | / / |
| Signed by | Complainant (if not a child) | |

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential place and provided to the relevant authorities (police and government) should they require them.